Integrated Care Saves Lives and Reduces Healthcare Costs

Individuals with mental illnesses die an average of 25 years earlier than the general population, and those with co-occurring substance use disorders die an average of 37 years earlier. They also often experience co-occurring health conditions.

Integration of primary and behavioral health care can change this. Click here to view an infographic from the SAMHSA-HRSA Center for Integrated Health Solutions that explores the problem and illustrates the impact on communities and individuals, as well as the impact of integrated care provided by community-based services.